

NABERS Energy Rating Report

This report provides more information about your NABERS Energy Rating and greenhouse gas emissions. It explains how the data for your NABERS Energy Rating can be used to meet mandatory and voluntary reporting requirements.

These NABERS Energy Rating details are for

THE TRUSTEE FOR SCHWARTZ FAMILY TRUST

Rydges World Square

389 Pitt Street

SYDNEY NSW 2000

Rating number

HTEN42919

Valid until

27 September 2026

Rating period

1/6/24 - 31/5/25

NABERS Energy Rating



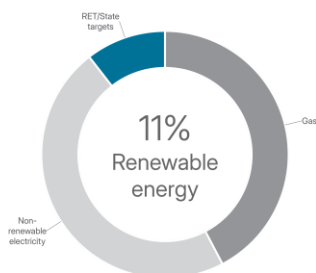
Rating progress metric¹: 4.2 stars

Building Type	Hotel
Rated guest rooms	457.34
Rated laundry serviced rooms	0.00
Rated external laundry serviced rooms	0.00
Function room seats	563.40
Surface area of heated pools	0.00 m ²
Rated electricity	3,172,050.00 kWh
Rated gas and LPG	8,366,007.55 MJ
Rated diesel	50.00 L

¹ The rating progress metric indicates where a rating sits between a whole or half-star increment.

NABERS Renewable Energy Indicator

■ Gas ■ Non-renewable electricity ■ RET/State targets



	Quantity	% of total site energy
Renewable electricity		
Onsite renewable electricity	0.00 kWh	0.0 %
RET ¹ and State/Territory targets	578,714.89 kWh	10.5 %
GreenPower	0.00 kWh	0.0 %
Other voluntary purchases ²	0.00 kWh	0.0 %
Total renewable electricity	578,714.89 kWh	10.5 %
Non-renewable energy		
Non-renewable electricity	2,593,335.11 kWh	47.2 %
Gas and LPG	8,366,007.55 MJ	42.3 %
Diesel	50.00 L	0.0 %

Your NABERS Energy Rating is 4.0 stars and your greenhouse gas emissions³ are

		①
Total greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1 & 2)	2,588,230.00 Kg CO ₂ -e p.a.	②
Total greenhouse gas emissions (full fuel cycle - scope 1, 2 & 3)	2,856,460.00 Kg CO ₂ -e p.a.	③
Greenhouse gas intensity (scope 1 & 2)	5,659.00 Kg CO ₂ -e/room p.a.	④
Greenhouse gas intensity (full fuel cycle - scope 1, 2 & 3)	6,246.00 Kg CO ₂ -e/room p.a.	⑤
Predicted average intensity (full fuel cycle - scope 1, 2 & 3) ⁴	12,019.00 Kg CO ₂ -e/room p.a.	⑥
Energy intensity: 43,265.99 MJ/room p.a.		⑦

¹ RET stands for Renewable Energy Target

² Includes voluntarily surrendered LGCs from both electricity generated offsite, and from electricity generated onsite that is exported to the grid.

³ Greenhouse gas emissions for this rating have been calculated applying emissions factors from the NGA factor 2023 edition. The location based electricity accounting method was used.

⁴ The predicted emissions for a comparable building at 3 stars. This is a legacy value that will soon be excluded from the report. Contact NABERS with any concerns.

How to use your NABERS Energy rating details

The table below explains how you can use the data in this report for mandatory and voluntary reporting requirements. For each reporting requirement, use the number(s) in the right column to identify the correct data to be used from 'Your rating details' table in the first page of this report.

Voluntary scheme and reporting

For corporate annual reporting of energy of use and carbon footprint

7

Organisations are encouraged to report their energy use and full life cycle greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1, 2 & 3) in their annual report to capture a more comprehensive picture of emissions attributed to its activities.

5

For National Carbon Offset Standard

6

This is a voluntary standard for businesses to use in becoming carbon neutral or developing carbon neutral products. For more information about the NCOS program, see www.climatechange.gov.au

For the NSW Energy Savings Scheme

ESS is a NSW scheme which encourages energy saving activities by creating a financial incentive to reduce electricity consumption. NABERS Energy ratings are one of the recognised methods under the ESS for creating and claiming Energy Saving Certificates. These certificates are tradable in NSW. For more information about ESS, see www.ess.nsw.gov.au

For NSW Environmental Upgrade Agreements

EUAs enable building owners to access long term finance for environmental improvements to existing commercial, industrial, strata scheme and large multi-unit residential buildings in NSW. As a loan tied to the land, it is repaid through a local council charge. Tenants of commercial buildings can contribute to repayments where costs are offset by reduced operational costs, such as energy efficiency. For more information, see www.environment.nsw.gov.au/business/upgrade-agreements.htm